

AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION:

Please amend the specification as follows:

Page 3, replace paragraph [0008] with the following amended paragraph:

[0008] Another production method for a drug solution filling plastic ampoule is a so-called blow-fill-seal process (see Japanese Examined Patent Publications No. SHO33(1958)-8078 and No. SHO36(1961)-5985, rommelag's Home Page "Welcome to rommelag^(R)" and **[["BTS]]** "BTF Process - The bottelpack^(R) Process" retrieved from URL <http://www.rommelag.com/> on Internet on March 19, 2003).

Page 39, replace paragraph [0093] with the following amended paragraph:

[0093] With the use of a blow-fill-seal machine having a five layer blow die, a drug solution filling plastic ampoule of a five layer structure (having a volume of 20mL) including an inner layer of PE1 (polyolefin), an inner intermediate layer of a plastic material prepared by blending COP1 (polycycloolefin) and PE1 in a weight ratio of 50:50, a middle intermediate layer of COP1, an outer intermediate layer of a plastic material prepared by blending COP1 and PE1 in a weight ratio of 50:50 and an outer layer of PE1 and filled with 20mL of a 0.005% nitroglycerine aqueous solution was produced. This ampoule 10 had a shape as shown in Fig. 1. The inner layer, the intermediate layers (the inner, middle and outer intermediate layers) and the outer layer of the ampoule had thicknesses of 50µm, 100µm and ~~700µm~~ 500µm, respectively, at the body of the ampoule.

Page 40, replace paragraph [0095] with the following amended paragraph:

[0095] The drug solution filling plastic ampoules of Examples 1 to 6 were autoclaved at 106°C for 40 minutes, and then stored at 60°C for two weeks. Thereafter,

the nitroglycerine content of the nitroglycerine aqueous solution filled in each of the ampoules was measured. ~~The results of the measurement are shown together with the layer structures of the plastic ampoules in Table 1.~~ It is noted that nitroglycerine is a highly absorptive and adsorptive drug.

Page 43, replace paragraph [0100] with the following amended paragraph:

[0100] The drug solution filling plastic ampoules of Examples 7 to 9 were each autoclaved at 106°C for 40 minutes, and then stored at 60°C for two weeks. Thereafter, the tryptophan content of the tryptophan aqueous solution filled in each of the ampoules was measured. ~~The results of the measurement are shown together with the layer structures of the plastic ampoules in Table 2.~~ It is noted that tryptophan is an easily oxidizable drug.

Page 45, replace paragraph [0106] with the following amended paragraph:

[0106] With the use of a blow-fill-seal machine having a five layer blow die, a drug solution filling plastic ampoule of a five layer structure (having a volume of 2mL) including an inner layer of PE1 (polyolefin), an inner intermediate layer of AD1 (modified polyolefin), a middle intermediate layer of NY1 (polyamide prepared by polycondensation of m-xylylenediamine and adipic acid), an outer intermediate layer of AD1 and an outer layer of PP2 (UV barrier plastic) and filled with 2mL of a 400IU/mL retinol palmitate solubilized solution was produced. This ampoule 10 had a shape as shown in Fig. 1. The inner layer, the inner and outer intermediate layers, the middle intermediate layer and the outer layer of the ampoule had thicknesses of 50µm, 10µm, 100µm and ~~700µm~~ 500µm, respectively, at the body of the ampoule.